

9CT WHITE GOLD ALLOYS

More palladium = harder metal = whiter metal....

METGOLDW9P10%Pall:

Description:

- Softer white gold which are excellent for casting purposes, as well as handwork, as it contains only 10% palladium.
- Because of the lesser palladium content it still has a yellowish colour, and therefore has to be rhodium plated to get the preferred white colour.

METGOLDW9P7%Pall:

Description:



- This alloy contains 7% palladium which makes the metal a bit softer and less white.
- Perfect for handwork.
- Will also have to be Rhodium plated afterwards for the preferred white colour.

METGOLDW9P15% Pall:

Description:

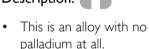


- This alloy contains 15% palladium which makes the metal a much harder and whiter (when polished it has a "gun-metal" colour).
- Perfect for handwork.
- To be rhodium plated if necessary.

METGOLDW91:

FOR HANDWORK PURPOSES - STOCK 9C WHITE GOLD ALLOYS:

Description:



- Beautiful colour, perfect for handwork and even casting, but very soft!
- Will also have to be Rhodium plated for preferred white colour when finished.

METGOLDW9P13% Pall

Description:



- Perfect for casting only.
- Very hard metal.
- Very white colour.
- Not recommended for handwork.

METGOLDW9P19% Pall

Description:



- This alloy contains 15% palladium which makes the metal a much harder and whiter (when polished it has a "gun-metal" colour).
- Perfect for handwork.
- To be rhodium plated if necessary.
- Very white colour.
- Not recommended for casting.



18CT WHITE GOLD

More palladium = harder metal = whiter metal....

METGOLDW18P10

Description:

- Softer white gold which are excellent for casting purposes, as well as handwork, as it contains only 10% palladium.
- Because of the lesser palladium content is still has a yellowish colour, and therefore has to be rhodium plated to get the preferred white colour.

METGOLDW18P12

Description:



- This alloy contains
 12% palladium which
 makes the metal a bit
 harder and whiter.
- Perfect for handwork.
- Will also have to be Rhodium plated afterwards for the preferred white colour.

METGOLDW18P16

Description:



- This alloy contains 16% palladium which makes the metal a much harder and whiter (when polished it has a "gun-metal" colour).
- Perfect for handwork.
- Will also have to be Rhodium plated afterwards for the preferred white colour.

METGOLDW18PTPD

Description:

FOR HANDWORK PURPOSES - STOCK 9C WHITE GOLD ALLOYS:

- This alloy contains 16% palladium as well as 5% Platinum which gives the metal the perfect white colour (no need to Rhodium plate, although some jewellers still prefer to Rhodium plate afterwards).
- We supply this in a bar-form for easy working, and it is very good for handwork.

METGOLDW18P13

Description:



- This alloy contains 13% palladium and is a hard white metal, good for casting and handwork.
- Its melting temperature is similar to that of the 18W10%, but doesn't have the feint yellow colour that the 18W10% has but will still need to be Rhodium plated.
- Not recommended for handwork.
- Very hard metal.

METGOLDW18P23

Description:



- This alloy contains 23% palladium and is a very hard very white metal.
- Rhodium plating is not necessary.
- Not for casting use.



METRHO JEWELLERY PLATING

SET UP



Do NOT mix your plating solutions with any other solutions!

- Wash all containers and rinse with distilled water.
- Wash all electrodes and rinse with distilled water.

1st Container:

DEGREASER:

- Mix I teaspoon with 1/2 liter distilled water.
- Connect stainless steel anode to Red Terminal.

2nd Container:

• Fill container with tap water, then add – very slowly - 10% sulphuric acid.

3rd Container:

- In this container you will have your either your Rhodium solution/Silver.
- Plating solution or Guilding solution.
- Connect Pt anode to Red terminal (Rhodium plating).

4th Container:

• Fill this container with Distilled water only (this water will collect some plating solution when you do your final rinse, and can be used to make up volume on the solution when needed).

PLATING PROCEDURE



- I. Ultrasonically clean jewellery.
- 2. Wash (preferably with running tap water).
- 3. Electrolyticaly degrease items at 10 volts for not more than 30 seconds.
- 4. Wash (preferably with running tap water).
- 5. Etch in 10% sulphuric acid solution.
- 6. Wash (preferably with running tap water).
- 7. Rinse with distilled water.
- 8. Ensure the rectifier is set to 3 4 volts (for Rhodium plating); 4 - 4.5 volts (for Gilding); 0.2 volts (for Silver plating), and plate your items for 15 - 60 seconds
- 9. Shake the items while plating to remove adhering bubbles, and make sure not to touch the Anodes while plating as this will burn the items.
- 10. Rinse in distilled water.

NOTE:

- Hollow items should be rinsed exceptionally well to ensure that no ultrasonic soap/ electrolytic degreaser or sulphuric acid is trapped inside the pieces.
- This WILL contaminate your solution if not well rinsed!

PEN PLATING PROCEDURE



- I. Ultrasonically clean jewellery as above.
- 2. Place nib in pen.
- 3. Decant a small amount of Pen plating solution in a container that has been washed with distilled water.
- 4. Set rectifier to 3 3.5 volts (for Rhodium plating); 3.5 - 4 volts (for Gilding); 0.2 volts (for Silver plating).
- 5. Attach cathode clamp (black terminal) to iewellery/items.
- 6. Attach pen to red terminal.
- 7. Immerse pen nib in plating solution (until well soaked).
- 8. Lightly draw nib over area to be plated.



BENCHWORK - YELLOW GOLD ALLOYS

Name	Description	Benc	hwork	Other	Pre-alloy used
		Annealing Temp:	Quenching:	0	
METGOLDR9YI:	Standard yellow rolling gold (9ct).General purpose use.	 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	At 500°In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits.		Metroll9Y1
METGOLDRI4YI:	 Standard yellow rolling gold (14ct). Good alloy for handwork. 	 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 		Metroll14Y1
METGOLDRI8YI:	 Standard rich yellow gold (18ct). Soft Alloy – great for casting and rolling. 	 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	Cast Temp.: 1015 - 1035° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 450 - 610° (Vacuum): 610 - 650°	Metcast18Y1 / Metroll18Y1
METGOLDR22YI:	 Rich yellow gold colour (22ct). Soft Alloy – great for casting and rolling. 	 600 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	Cast Temp.: 1020 – 1060° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 550 – 650° (Vacuum): 620 – 670°	Metcast22YI / Metroll22YI



CASTING - YELLOW GOLD ALLOYS

Name	Description	Ben	chwork	Other	Pre-alloy used
METGOLDC9Y3:	Rich yellow casting	Annealing Temp:	Quenching:	Cast Temp.:	Metcast9Y3
	gold (9ct). Not to use for benchwork, might crack.	 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	860 – 945° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 450 – 610° (Vacuum): 550 – 630°	
METGOLDC14Y1:	 Standard rich yellow casting gold (14ct). Not to use for benchwork. 	 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	Cast Temp.: 910 – 960° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 450 – 610° (Vacuum): 610 – 640°	Metcast I 4 Y I
METGOLDRI8YI:	 Standard rich yellow gold (18ct). Soft Alloy – great for casting and rolling. 	 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	Cast Temp.: 1015 – 1035° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 450–610° (Vacuum): 610 – 650°	Metcast18Y1 / Metroll18Y1
METGOLDR22YI:	 Rich yellow gold colour (22ct). Soft Alloy – great for casting and rollin • 550 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 600 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° in 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	Cast Temp.: 1020 – 1060° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 550 – 650° Vacuum: 620 – 670°	Metcast22YI / Metroll22YI



DENTAL GOLD ALLOYS

Name	Description	Ben	chwork	
		Annealing Temp:	Quenching:	
METGOLD16DENT:	Rich yellow dental alloy (18ct).General purpose use.	 850° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	This alloy is different than the normal rolling/casting
METGOLD18TRI:	 Standard rich yellow casting gold (14ct). Not to use for benchwork. 	 550 – 600° For 15 – 25 minutes 	 At 500° In 50% water and 50% methylated spirits. 	alloys as it is suitable for dental/medical use.



ROSE & RED GOLD

Name	Description	Bench	nwork	Other
METGOLDC9RED:	Deep red coloured gold	Annealing Temp:	IMPORTANT:	Cast Temp.:
	(9ct). • Great for casting and rolling!	 570 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	Quick cooling in 50% HOT or LUKEWARM water + 50% methylated spirit, otherwise your metal will be brittle or crack!	930 – 10.50° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 550 – 650° (Vacuum): 610 – 650°
METGOLDC9ROSE:	Rose coloured gold (9ct).Great for rolling!	 550 – 630° For 15 – 25 minutes 	Quick cooling in 50% HOT or LUKEWARM water + 50% methylated spirit, otherwise your metal will be brittle or crack!	Cast Temp.: 910 – 950° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 550 – 650° (Vacuum): 610 – 650°
METGOLDC18RED:	 Deep red coloured gold (18ct). Great for casting and rolling! 	 570 – 650° For 15 – 25 minutes 	Quick cooling in 50% HOT or LUKEWARM water + 50% methylated spirit, otherwise your metal will be brittle or crack!	Cast Temp.: 1030 – 1050° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 550 – 650° (Vacuum): 610 – 650°
METGOLDC18ROSE:	Rose coloured gold (18ct).Great for rolling!	 550 – 630° For 15 – 25 minutes 	Quick cooling in 50% HOT or LUKEWARM water + 50% methylated spirit, otherwise your metal will be brittle or crack!	Cast Temp.: 1010 – 1040° Flask Temp. (Centrif): 550 – 650° Vacuum: 610 – 650°

CONVERSIONS, GUIDES AND CHARTS

DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION USED IN THIS GUIDE IS FOR INFORMATIVE PURPOSES ONLY.

RING S	SIZES
SIZE	mm
A½	12.4
В	12.5
B½	12.7
С	13.0
C½	13.1
D	13.3
D½	13.5
Е	13.7
E½	13.9
F	14.0
F½	14.2
G	14.4
G½	14.6
Н	14.8
H½	15.0
1	15.2
11/2	15.4
J	15.6
J½	15.8
K	16.0
Κ½	16.2
L	16.4
L½	16.6
М	16.8
M½	17.0
N	17.2
N½	17.4
0	17.6
01/2	17.8
Р	18.0
P½	18.2
Q	18.4
Q½	18.6
R	18.8
R½	19.0
S	19.2
S½	19.4
T	19.6
T½	19.8
U	20.0
U½	20.2
V	20.4
V1/2	20.6
W	20.8
W1/ ₂	21.0
X	21.2
X ¹ / ₂	21.4
Y	21.4
Y½	21.8
Z	22.0
Z½	22.2
Z+1	22.4
Z+1 Z+2	22.8
Z+Z Z+3	23.0
∠+3	23.0

DISCLAIMER: THE IN	NFORMATION USED
SILVER	SOLDER
SOLDER	MELTING TEMP (°C)
SILVER EASY	705-725
SILVER MEDIUM	720 – 760
SILVER HARD	745 – 780
GOLD S	SOLDER
YELLOW GO	OLD SOLDER
9ct EXTRA EASY	637 – 702
9ct EASY	658 – 721
9ct MEDIUM	735 – 755
9ct HARD	755 – 795
14ct EASY	685-728
14ct HARD	795 – 807
18ct EASY	726 – 750
18ct MEDIUM	765 – 781
18ct HARD	797 – 804
WHITE GO	LD SOLDER
9ct EASY	670 – 730
9ct MEDIUM	750 – 780
18ct EASY	800-820
18ct MEDIUM	830-850
18ct HARD	880-900
RED GOL	D SOLDER
9ct EASY	650-680
9ct MEDIUM	680-790
9ct HARD	750 – 820
18ct EASY	680-730
18ct MEDIUM	805 – 810

	PLATINUM SOLDER	
Pt 960	960	
Pt 1020	1020	
Pt 1200	1200	
Pt 1300	1300	
Pt 1400	1400	
Pt 1500	1500	
Pt 1600	1600	

820 - 850

18ct HARD

	MELTING	POINTS (°C)
Lead	- 327.5	Gold -	- 1064.0
Zinc	- 419.5	Copper -	- 1085.0
Nickel	- 455.0	Palladium -	- 1555.0
Silver	- 961.8	Platinum -	- 1768.0

CONVER	SION
Celsius — Fahrenheit	(°C x 1.8) + 32
Fahrenheit — Celsius	(°F - 32) x 0.555
Grams — Troy Ounces	x 0.032
Troy Ounces — Grams	x 31.104
Inches – Millimeters	x 25.4
Millimeters – Inches	x 0.039
Feet – Meters	x 0.305
Meters – Feet	x 3.281

	SELECTING S	LVER SOLDER		
SOLDER	FLOW POINTS (°	C) USE FOR		
EXTRA HARD	810	laser weld	ing	
HARD	788	first solder	ing	
MEDIUM	738	general so	ldering	
EASY	719	intermedia	te soldering	
EXTRA EASY	653	final solder	ring	
DETERMINE METAL FOR WAX TREES				
Procedure		Specific Gravities		
Classific		24ct yellow gold	19.32	
Step 1: Weigh your wax mod	els along with	22ct yellow gold	17.75	
the main and gate sp	rues. Then add an	18ct yellow gold	15.58	
additional 10% to acc	ount for your buffon.	14ct yellow gold	13.07	
		9ct yellow gold	11.57	
Step 2:		9ct white gold	11.07	
gravity of the metal y	weight by the specific ou are castina in.	14ct white gold	12.61	
<i>J</i> =, =,		18ct white gold	14.64	
		9ct red gold	11.59	
Example:		14ct red gold	13.26	
For a 5 gram wax mo	odel, add 0.5 (10% of	18ct red gold	15.18	
F - \	E 16			

Fine silver

Palladium

Platinum

Sterling silver

10.49

10.36

12.00

21.54

5g) to get a total of 5.5g. If you are casting

14ct yellow gold multiply 5.5g x 13.07. The amount of 14ct yellow gold needed

for the 5g tree is 71.89g of 14ct gold.

	Wax	Sterling Silver	9ct Gold	14ct Gold	18ct Gold	22ct Gold	Fine Gold	Platinum	Palladium
Wax	1.00	10.30	11.20	14.10	15.70	17.80	19.50	20.60	12.00
Sterling Silver	0.097	1.00	1.11	1.31	1.50	1.73	1.87	2.08	1.15
9ct Gold	0.089	0.90	1.00	1.18	1.36	1.59	1.72	1.88	1.04
14ct Gold	0.071	0.76	0.85	1.00	1.14	1.29	1.40	1.59	0.88
18ct Gold	0.064	0.67	0.74	0.88	1.00	1.15	1.25	1.34	0.77
22ct Gold	0.056	0.58	0.63	0.78	0.90	1.00	1.08	1.21	0.67
Fine Gold	0.051	0.53	0.58	0.72	0.83	0.94	1.00	1.11	0.64
Platinum	0.049	0.48	0.53	0.63	0.72	0.83	0.90	1.00	0.58
Palladium	0.083	0.87	0.87	0.96	1.14	1.30	1.49	1.74	1.00

As a guideline, use this conversion chart to convert the weight of wax to metal and one metal to another for casting.

ROUND BRILLIANT (accurate based on South African Ideal Cut)									
mm	cts	mm	cts	mm	cts	mm	cts	mm	cts
1.000	0.004	2.300	0.050	3.600	0.180	4.900	0.440	6.200	0.900
1.100	0.005	2.400	0.055	3.700	0.190	5.000	0.470	6.300	0.950
1.200	0.007	2.500	0.062	3.800	0.210	5.100	0.500	6.400	0.990
1.300	0.009	2.600	0.075	3.900	0.220	5.200	0.530	6.500	1.040
1.400	0.012	2.700	0.079	4.000	0.240	5.300	0.560	6.600	1.080
1.500	0.014	2.800	0.080	4.100	0.260	5.400	0.590	6.700	1.140
1.600	0.018	2.900	0.090	4.200	0.280	5.500	0.630	6.800	1.190
1.700	0.020	3.000	0.100	4.300	0.300	5.600	0.660	6.900	1.240
1.800	0.025	3.100	0.110	4.400	0.320	5.700	0.700	7.000	1.300
1.900	0.029	3.200	0.120	4.500	0.340	5.800	0.740	7.100	1.350
2.000	0.033	3.300	0.140	4.600	0.370	5.900	0.780	7.200	1.410
2.100	0.037	3.400	0.150	4.700	0.390	6.000	0.820	7.300	1.470
2.200	0.044	3.500	0.160	4.800	0.420	6.100	0.860	7.400	1.530







